

Class Citizenship.

In the House, on the 20th of May, the consular appropriation bill was up and an amendment proposed providing for a Minister at Rome, instead of a Consul. This was opposed by a majority of the members, whereupon a New York paper made the following remark, which is endorsed by the Mobile Register:

"Let the Irish Catholics and German Catholics, who have heretofore affiliated with the Radical party, read the debate in the House and ponder over it."

Such utterances are entirely wrong. They have a tendency to build up a class citizenship, that is, for the well-being of our Government, extremely dangerous.

It has been the proud boast of Americans that our form of government is the best the sun ever shone upon. This being the case, it is to the interest of all mankind that it be perpetuated. This cannot be done unless we maintain a homogeneous citizenship. We want no jealousies to exist between different creeds or nationalities that may be within our national borders. Such things lead to civil war, as we know by sad experience.

We invite the stranger to make the United States his home, and we must strive by all the means in our power to have him forget he is anything but an American citizen. The alien, when he is naturalized, swears that he will no longer bear allegiance to the government of his native land; and hence we must not tempt him to form a separate clan and oppose his fellow citizens born here. The safety of our government lies in its ability to absorb the foreign element into that originally forming the government.

Political parties make a grand mistake when they nominate men for office simply for the sake of controlling the vote of a foreign element. A German or an Irishman, when he is naturalized, is not a German or an Irishman any longer, but an American, and everything that would lead him to suppose he was regarded in any other light than as an American, should be left unsaid and undone.

We would as soon have an officer elected who was born on European soil as a native, if his fitness entitles him to that position; but we do object to foreigners being put up for office merely to catch the vote of foreign elements.

What good reason is there for calling upon Irish and German Catholics to entertain feelings of hostility toward their own government simply because it refuses to send a Minister to Rome? This class of persons, whose prejudices are thus sought to be aroused, have no legitimate interest in the welfare of Italy. They are not citizens of that country.

The political history of all nations teaches that no State has been destroyed except when, by conquest or any other means, a large foreign element has been added. It should be the policy of the United States to invite strangers to our country only so fast as they can become thoroughly Americanized and imbued with a love of our institutions; and hence it becomes the duty of the newspaper press to exclude all such advice as that above quoted.

The election of city officers was held in Portland on Monday last. Scarcely any interest was taken in the contest, and a small vote was polled. Halleck (Dem.) was elected in the 1st ward; Congle (Rep.) in the 2d, and Pesser and Hill (Reps.) in the 3d ward. The Council now stands, Republicans 7, Democrats 2; a gain of one Republican since last election.

A. L. Bancroft & Co., 721 Market street, San Francisco, announces that the 2d volume of the "War between the States," by Alex. H. Stephens, is ready for delivery to subscribers. As Greeley's conflict is the best and most reliable history of the rebellion, so is Stephen's work the most perfect history from a Southern stand point. No politician should be without Stephen's history.

Subscribe for the REPUBLICAN.

Is Oregon for Repudiation?

The Statesman discusses the question in these words:

We are repeatedly asked by the Democratic papers of Oregon whether we still think the "vital eighth" resolution meant repudiation. Say they, "If that meant repudiation Oregon has endorsed it," and hence they infer, if the argument is good for anything, that it is right.

Now we are loth to admit the disgrace and shame of our own State, and indeed do not admit that repudiation is endorsed by a majority of the legal voters of Oregon.

It will be remembered that while in the extreme south and east of the State, our opponents took the ground that they meant repudiation, in the remainder of the State they persistently argued that they meant nothing of the sort. Speakers used a different set of principles in different localities, and the papers of the party differed as widely among themselves as they did from us. On the one question of office they were united; on all others their arguments were so contradictory that we are forced to the conclusion that the mass of their voters did not read the papers.

Thus we see that while the mining regions, temporarily occupied by a class who have no interest in common with the permanent residents of the State, gives a majority for repudiation of 1,120 votes; the agricultural and producing parts of the country, occupied by those who feel that their country's honor is their own, and her disgrace their shame, give a majority against repudiation, of 780 votes, leaving the State to be committed to this outrageous doctrine by a majority of only 340 votes, but little over one quarter of the vote in the mining regions.

Having faith in the integrity of the people it is hard to be compelled to say that our beloved State is committed to this scheme of iniquity; but if she is not, the present appearance of things is, to say the least, suggestive.

Grant's Message.

President Grant has sent a message, on the Cuban question, to both Houses of Congress, that seems to cause some excitement in political circles. The mention made of it by the telegraph is so brief that we are not able to judge certainly of the objections to Mr. Grant's views of the matter, or what particular features are objectionable, but knowing that the President has heretofore been equal to the task, we are disposed to believe that he sees the right way this time.

Of late it has become the custom for persons to throng the Capitol and seek to obtain class legislation, whether their cause was just or not; and from what has been given out, it is very questionable whether the Cuban insurgents have any other organization than that of guerrillas. If that really be the case Grant's message is well timed; but if the contrary can be shown, the President will, no doubt, be willing to do what is right in the premises.

Certainly the Cubans cannot ask the United States to recognize their independence, when they have no government. Whenever the insurgents shall exhibit their ability to form a government, and their willingness to obey the laws of their own enacting, then will it be time enough to knock for admittance within the family of nations. The idea that the United States Government is to be lobbied into the support of every rebellious scheme of discontented subjects, is too wild for serious consideration.

It is eminently proper for the cause of humanity that our government should interfere and put a stop to the atrocious manner in which the conflict in Cuba is conducted on both sides. If the insurgents find fault because our government criticizes their acts of cruelty, it is only another evidence that belligerent rights should not be accorded. Until we hear more of this matter, we are disposed to believe that President Grant is in the right.

It is said that Jo Lane is a candidate for the office of United States Senator.

The thermometer stands at 97° at the 900 foot level of the Yellow Jack mine.

The China Question.

The wisdom of a majority of the American people is almost always right, and their councils equal to any emergency. The Chinese question has been a great stumbling block in the way of the people on the Pacific coast, and the whole white population, regardless of party, have regarded the immigration of Chinese to this coast with a great deal of jealousy. We all feared that the statesmen in the East would carry their humanitarian schemes to such an extent that Chinamen would be eligible to citizenship, and that designing men might import Chinese here to the injury of the nation. To ward off the probable contingency, it was only necessary to educate the common people to a personal knowledge of almon-eyed foreigner, and the work of self-protection was commenced.

Stewart, of Nevada, has introduced a bill into the Senate to "prevent contracts for service," which will at once stop the importation of the lower class of Chinese. In support of this bill, Mr. Stewart said: "That in making coolie labor contracts the Chinese contractors took advantage of the peculiar religious views of the Chinese to provide for their return to their native land, dead or alive. These contracts were for four years and the Chinaman dared not break the contract for fear, in case of death, his body might not be returned to his own country. The bill would break up this coolie system by prohibiting contracts for a longer period than six months, while it also provided for the return of the Chinese to their own country. This would be long enough to enable immigrants to pay the expenses of their passage, and not long enough to make their importation as a system the means of profit."

Besides the reasons given above for proving the bill will correct the evil sought to be righted there are others, among which is opposition to the proposed legislation. The friends of Chinese labor see that they can no longer make such vast sums of money out of this second slavery. One of the most bitter opponents to the bill is the Chicago Times, a radical Democratic paper. This opposition, or, in fact, any hostility to Stewart's bill, proves its merits.

Daily Mail.

We are able this week to tell our readers that we are certainly to have a daily mail, and that the service will commence on the 1st of the month. The O. and C. S. Company will carry the mail. The route, leaving Corvallis, passes through Buena Vista, Independence, Monmouth, Dallas, Amity, McMinnville, Lafayette, North Yamhill, Forest Grove, and Hillsboro to Portland. The company is allowed two days in summer and three in winter to make the route. Two horse hacks will be run for the present from Corvallis to McMinnville, and from the latter place to Portland four-horse stages will be used.

As we have before said, the value of this line to the country through which it passes, will, from the first, be marked. It will save to the citizens of Polk county many dollars paid out as traveling expenses, for which no value is received, besides the money disbursed by the company will be considerable.

Passengers for Portland will find, not only a small saving in money, but at least two days in time by using the new line of travel. We hope that the amount of travel will soon justify the company to put on coaches throughout the whole line, and that it will find it profitable to make the through trip in one day.

A QUARREL.—They have, in San Francisco, a medical college known as the Toland Medical College. Now these Toland fellows are a selfish set, and think that they are the only persons that should pretend to give instruction in the healing art. Well, the faculty had a quarrel the other day, and four of the Professors resigned. Now, we wouldn't have mentioned this little unpleasantness, only those fellows have witnessed, with marked satisfaction, the obstacles thrown in the way of the success of our Oregon schools.

How do you pronounce this.

Industrial Exhibition.

We have received the circulars of Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce, Board of Trade, and Ohio Mechanics' Institute. The Committee announce that an exposition of manufactures, products and arts will be held in Cincinnati, commencing Wednesday, September 21st, 1870, and continuing until October 15th, 1870, to which artists, manufacturers, inventors, and those engaged in the production of works of art and ingenuity are invited to contribute.

It would be an excellent idea for Oregonians to place on exhibition, at this fair, samples of our agricultural productions, such as wheat, oats, fruit and vegetables. We all know that our productions are superior to those of our neighbors, and we should seek every opportunity to let those neighbors know it.

Circulars containing full and specific information relating to the Exposition may be obtained by addressing "Cincinnati Industrial Exhibition," Cincinnati.

The Examiner admits that it only intended to deny that the Oregon Democracy had declared for "unqualified" repudiation. Whereupon the San Francisco Chronicle asks: "Will that paper please to inform us what its idea is of 'qualified' repudiation?"

Heavy shipments of goods are going forward from Corvallis to Montana.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Tax Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A WARRANT, DULY issued by the County Clerk of Polk Co., Oregon, commanding me to collect the taxes due said county, by distress and sale if necessary, for want of personal property, I have levied upon the Donation Land Claims of Edward Ground and wife, of Wm. Fulton, in Sec. 30, 31 and 32, in T. 9 S. of R. 4 W., in Polk county, Oregon, containing 570 acres of land; assessed as the lands of John Polly, to satisfy the claim of the county for taxes levied thereon, against said John Polly, for the year 1869, and now remaining due and unpaid, amounting to the sum of \$17.50, besides penalties, costs and accruing costs; therefore I will sell the said premises, to satisfy said demand, on Saturday the 30th day of July, 1870, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the Court House at Dallas, in said county, to the highest bidder for gold and silver coin in hand.

J. W. SMITH, Sheriff.
By F. M. COLLINS, Deputy.
Dallas, June 25th, 1870. 17-1w

Tax Sale.

IN PURSUANCE OF LAW, AND BY authority of a warrant, duly issued by the County Clerk of Polk county, Oregon, commanding me to collect the taxes due said county, by distress and sale if necessary, I have, for want of personal property, levied upon the south half of Sec. 10, in T. 7 S. of R. 5 W., Not. No. 1978, claim No. 46, containing 200 acres more or less, taken as the property of the heirs of Nelson Johnson, deceased, to satisfy the claim of the county for taxes levied on said premises, and now remaining due and unpaid, for the years 1868 and 1869, amounting to the sum of \$14.80, besides penalties, costs, and accruing costs; therefore, I will sell the said premises, to satisfy said demands, on Saturday, the 30th day of July, A. D. 1870, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the Court House door, at Dallas, in said county, to the highest bidder for gold and silver coin, in hand.

J. W. SMITH, Sheriff.
By F. M. COLLINS, Deputy.
Dallas, June 25th, 1870. 17-1w

LOOK HERE!

THE BUENA VISTA SAW MILL CO. having their mill in good running order, make known to the citizens around Buena Vista and vicinity that said company are prepared to furnish lumber at the following prices: \$10@12 50 per 1,000 feet.

We have also a first class planer and matcher, and are prepared to furnish either plain or dressed lumber, strictly to order and with punctuality and dispatch.

A good assortment of lumber now on hand. JAS. HOLMAN, President of B. V. M. Co., W. M. C. LEE, Secretary.
Buena Vista, June 16th, 1870. 16-1f

LOST! LOST!

On the road between Dallas and Buena Vista, one leather pocket book, containing two promissory notes, one for (\$300) three hundred dollars, and one (\$200) two hundred dollars, on the Salem Lumbering Co., besides other papers and receipts.

I hereby warn all persons not to trade for or buy any of the above notes.

JOHN LONG, A. H. LEE.
June 10th, 1870. 16-2w

Notice to Creditors.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed by the County Court of Polk county, Oregon, Administratrix of the estate of J. D. Walling, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to her, at her residence, near Lincoln, in said county, within six months from this date. ELIZA A. WALLING, Administratrix.
June 11th, 1870. 15-1w

Final Settlement.

SOL TETHEROW, ADMINISTRATOR of the estate of Bennet Crosby, deceased, having filed his final account and asked for a settlement of the same, it is ordered by the Court that Tuesday, the 28th day of July, 1870, be set for the final hearing of said account; and all persons interested in said estate are requested to appear in the County Court of Polk county, Ogn., at that day, and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be allowed and settled, and said administrator discharged. J. L. COLLINS, Co. Judge.
15-1w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mothers, I've Found It!

FOR YEARS I HAVE SEARCHED FOR a remedy that will CURE your children by removing the CAUSE, and at last I can say "Eureka." TRY IT.

CARMINITIVE CORDIAL.

This is a pleasant antacid, and in large doses laxative; in small doses, an astringent medicine; exceedingly useful in all bowel affections, especially of children. It is a safe, certain and effectual remedy for Cholera, Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Summer Complaint, Griping Pain, Sour Stomach, Costiveness, Wind on the Stomach, Crying and Fretting of Children. In Teething, there is nothing that equals it. It softens the Gums, and renders Teething easy. It is no humbug medicine, got up to sell, but a really valuable preparation, having been in use for several years it recommends itself. Do not give your children the "soothing syrups," for they stupefy without doing any permanent good.

Prepared by
Dr. W. WATERHOUSE,
MONMOUTH, OREGON.

For Sale by Druggists. The trade supplied on reasonable terms. Hundreds of Testimonials can be given if necessary.
DR. W. WATERHOUSE.
13-1f

For Rent.

75 ACRES ENCLOSED LAND, ONE mile and half miles from Dallas, is offered for rent. The renter to take the growing crop and to have possession until next spring. Good house and barn, forty acres in grain, and seven acres meadow; a large bearing orchard and garden. One wagon and a span of horses go with the place to do the work about the farm. Immediate possession given.
Terms \$200 cash, or satisfactory trade.
Inquire of RUSSELL & FERRY, Real Estate Agents, Portland, or
D. M. C. GAULT.
Dallas, May 25, 1870. 13-1f

DALLAS HOTEL,

CORNER MAIN & COURT STREETS,
Dallas, Oregon.

L. A. ROBB, : : PROPRIETOR.

THIS HOUSE HAS RECENTLY BEEN refitted and rearranged, and it is now open for the accommodation of the traveling public, whose patronage is respectfully solicited.
The TABLE will at all times be found well provided with every delicacy of the season, as well as the substantial, and our guests may rest assured of courteous and prompt attendance.

THE SLEEPING APARTMENTS will also be found clean, wholesome and comfortable.
L. A. ROBB.
Dallas, May 28, 1870. 13-1f



The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THIRTY YEARS

Have elapsed since the introduction of the Pain Killer to the public, and yet at the present time it is more popular and commands a larger sale than ever before. Its popularity is not confined to this country alone; all over the world its beneficial effects in curing the "ills that flesh is heir to," are acknowledged and appreciated, and as a PAIN KILLER its fame is limited to no country, sect, nor race. It needs only to be known to be prized.

Thirty years is certainly a long enough time to prove the efficacy of any medicine, and that the PAIN KILLER is deserving of all its proprietors' claims for it, is amply proved by the unparalleled popularity it has attained. It is a SURE and EFFECTIVE remedy. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 cts, 50 cts, and \$1.00 per bottle. Directions accompany each bottle.

C. M. PARMENTER. J. J. BABCOCK.

PARMENTER & BABCOCK,

Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Furniture,

Commercial Street, Salem, Oregon.

HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST

Stock of

Furniture,

Bedding,

Window-Shades,

Hollands, and

PAPER-HANGINGS

To be found in Marion County.

All kinds of Picture Frames, Coffins and

Caskets made to order on short notice and at

reasonable rates.

PARMENTER & BABCOCK.

Salem, March 23, 1870. 4-1f



The standard remedy for Coughs, Influenza, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Bleeding of the Lungs, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, including Consumption.

Wistar's Balsam does not dry up a Cough, but loosens it, cleanses the Lungs, allays Irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint. None genuine unless signed L. BUTTS. Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston. Sold by REDDINGTON, HOS- TETTER & CO., San Francisco, and by dealers generally. 16-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANDERSON & BROWN,

[SUCCESSORS TO B. STRANG.]

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

STOVES

OF ALL KINDS,

Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Copper, Zinc, Brass & Block Tin,

Force and Lift Pumps,

CAST TIN AND ENAMELED

Hollow-Ware.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet-Iron & Copper-Ware.

Great Variety of Gem Pans.

Gas Fixtures.

Iron and Lead Pipe, of all sizes, for Gas, Water and Steam.

ELBOWS, BUSHINGS, NIPPLES, RETURN BENDS, RUBBER HOSE, STOP COCKS, HOSE PIPES, PLUGS, BATH TUBS.

Repairing

In all its branches done to order, at the stand of B. Strang.

Union Block Commercial St., Salem. 2-6m

1870. Gilbert Bros. 1870.

MANUFACTURERS,

SALEM - - - - - OREGON.

Men's Tap Sole Sewed Boots.....\$14 00
Men's Double Sole, Sewed Boot..... 13 00
Men's Single Sole, Sewed Boots..... 12 00
Men's Tap Sole, Pegged Boots..... 11 00
Men's Single Sole, Pegged Boots..... 10 00
Men's French Kip Boots..... 9 00
Men's Kip Boots, Oregon or California leather..... 7 00
Men's Best French Calf Sewed Oxford Ties..... 7 00
Men's Best French Calf Pegged Oxford Ties..... 6 00

THE BEST BRANDS OF FRENCH Calf used in all our boots, and every pair warranted to give satisfaction. We also have the largest and best selected stock of Eastern and California made Boots and Shoes which we offer at wholesale or retail at prices which defy competition.

OAK SOLE LEATHER, FRENCH Calf, KIP and UPPER SHOE FINDINGS.

Shoe Machinery and everything generally found in a Leather and Finding Store. Gold coin paid for HIDES and FURS. GILBERT BROS. Salem, Ogn., March 10, 1870. 2-6m

YEATON & BOON,

Wholesale and Retail dealers in BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, AND YANKEE NOTIONS.

WE TAKE THIS OPPORTUNITY of informing the public that we have just received a large invoice of

Wall Paper,

Of all styles, direct from the manufacturers in the East. Our stock is the

Largest ever offered in this Market. Which we will sell at wholesale and retail CHEAP as any other house in the State.

YEATON & BOON. Salem, Ogn., March 10th, 1870. 2-1f

THE OCCIDENTAL,

Formerly "WESTERN HOTEL," Corner of First and Morrison Streets, PORTLAND, OREGON.

Messrs. SMITH & COOK HAVE TAKEN THIS WELL KNOWN House and Refitted and Refurnished it throughout, making it by far the BEST HOTEL in PORTLAND.

N. B.—Hot and Cold Baths attached to the House for the benefit of Guests.

SMITH & COOK, Proprietors. Portland, April 14, 1870. 7-1f

CAPITAL LIVERY STABLE.

In rear of the Capital Hotel Corner, SALEM, OREGON.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES TO LET on reasonable terms. Special attention paid to transient and boarding horses. BOOTH & PLAMONDON, 2-1f Proprietors.

Agents! Read This!

WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SAL- ary of \$30 a week and expenses, or allow a commission, to sell our new and wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGNER & CO., Marshall, Mich.